Lesson 7: Graphs and Stories

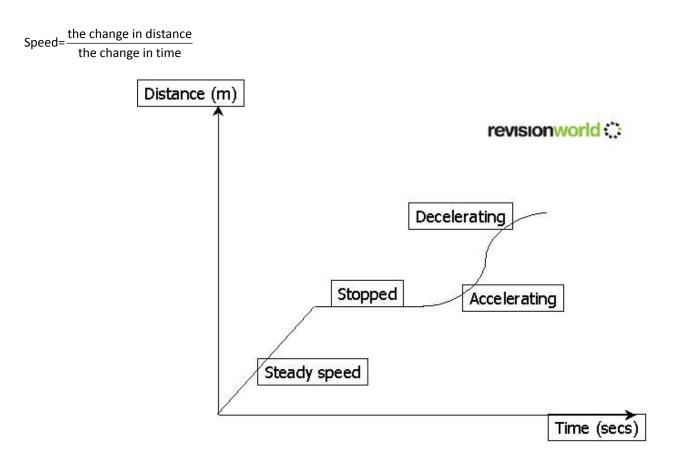
Reading Distance/Time Graphs

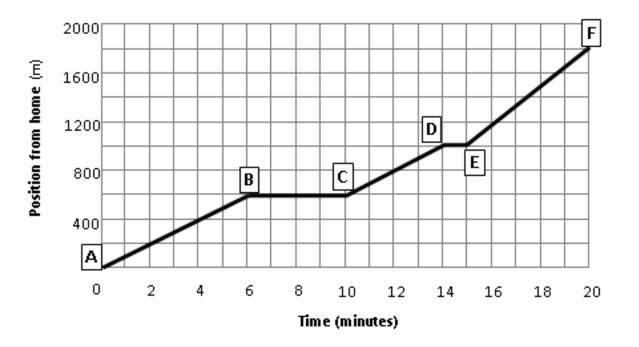
A distance/time graph shows the relationship between an object's position (related to a starting point) and time. Time is always moving forward, and the position can vary.

_____ is the independent variable.

_ is the dependent variable.

To calculate speed, you need to know the distance traveled and the time it took to travel that distance:





Heather's Walk to School (Complete the table below based on the graph above):

		(complete the table below		
Section	Distance (m)	Time (min)	Speed (m/min)	Description
A → B	600-0=600	6-0=6	$S = \frac{600}{6}$ = 100 m/min	Heather started at home and traveled 600 m in 6 minutes. She traveled away from home at a speed of 100 m/min.
B → C				
$C \rightarrow D$				
D → E				
E→F				

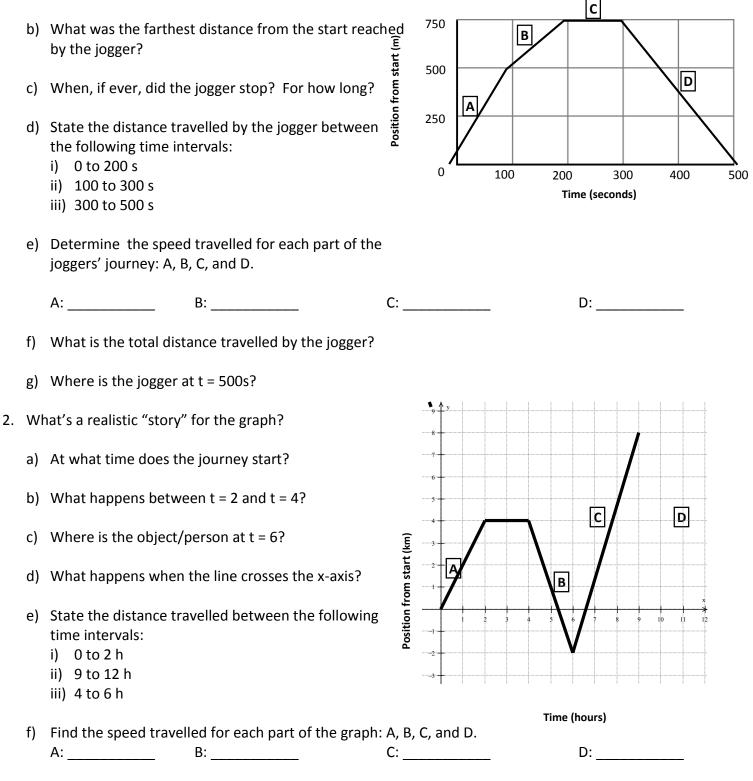
1. When was Heather traveling the fastest? Can you tell this by looking at the graph?

2. When was Heather's speed 0m/min? Can you tell this by looking at the graph?

Graphs and Stories (Examples)

Examples

- 1. The following position-time graph depicts the motion of a jogger moving along a path.
 - a) When was the jogger running the fastest?



g) What was the total distance travelled by the object/person?